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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/524,947	02/15/2005	Boris Mayer	30882/DP021	3208
4743	43 7590 03/09/2006		EXAMINER	
., .,	L, GERSTEIN & BORI	BANGACHON, WILLIAM L		
233 S. WACKER DRIVE, SUITE 6300 SEARS TOWER			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CHICAGO,			2635	
			DATE MAILED: 03/09/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Amulia and/a)			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summers	10/524,947	MAYER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	William L. Bangachon	2635			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period who really received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 Fe	ebruary 2005.				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)  Claim(s) 12-18 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 12-18 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) 14-16 is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on 15 February 2005 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the constant that the second specific content of the constant that the second specific content is objected to by the Examiner  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	e: a) accepted or b) objected or b) objected or b) objected or b) objected or abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) □ All b) □ Some * c) ☒ None of:  1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Specification

1. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc. The abstract is objected to because it recites "The disclosure" in line 2.

### **Drawings**

2. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the "data processing unit" must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement-drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering

of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the examiner does not accept the changes, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

## Claim Objections

3. Claims 14, 15 and 16 are objected to because of the following informalities: Claims 15 and 16 are dependent on a cancelled claim. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 12-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 12 and 17 recites the limitations "function messages" (it is vague and unclear how the function messages arrived at the communication device) and claim 12 recites the limitations "the functions" and "data processing unit" in page 13. There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claim. Claims 13-18 are dependent claims and therefore rejected for the same reasons.

Claims 16 and 17 recites the limitation "the receiving component", claim 16 recites the limitation "the appertaining request" in page 14. There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claims.

Claims 16 and 18 recites the limitation "the sending component" in page 14.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

In claims 15-18, it is unclear whether the claims are adding further steps or further limitation of an element.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 8. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of

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the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

9. Claims 12-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USP 6,344,796 (Ogilvie et al) in view of USP 5,774,053 (Porter).

In claim 12, Ogilvie et al teach of a method for data transmission between a parcel compartment system 10 and at least one central operations center (central data processing unit) 20 for operating at least one parcel compartment system 10, having a communications device, the method comprising the steps of:

collecting events by an IR communications device or keypad or some means of data entry, at a parcel compartment system 10 by the communication device {col. 6, lines 21-26}, the communication device associating function messages with the events {col. 6, lines 28-37}, combining the function messages into one single request and transmitting the request to the data processing unit {col. 6, lines 33-40}, the data processing unit executing the functions corresponding to the events depending on the transportation or delivery company or user affected by the event and, if applicable, sending data back to the communication device {col. 6, lines 40-45}. Also see col. 5, lines 31-52}.

Although Ogilvie does not disclose expressly that the parcel compartment system have a communications device for communicating with the central data processing unit,

it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that a

communications device is available for the communications between the central

operations center and the parcel compartment system shown in figures 3 and 4 to be

possible. Further, Porter teach of a communication system between a central data

processing unit and a parcel compartment system as shown in Figure 5 (Porter), which

Ogilvie had incorporated in his system {Ogilvie, col. 1, lines 36-46}.

In claim 13, the events at the parcel compartment system comprise depositing

and/or picking-up shipments {Ogilvie, col. 5, lines 31-52}.

In claim 14, the events at the parcel compartment system comprise the expiration

of time intervals {Ogilvie, col. 5, lines 43-45}.

In claim 15, each request is provided with an unambiguous RequestID (access

code) {Ogilvie, col. 6, lines 32-36}.

In claim 16, the sending component sending the RequestID with the request to

the receiving component, and sending the response to the appertaining request back

with this RequestID {Ogilvie, col. 5, lines 34-43; col. 6, lines 27-37}.

In claim 17, the receiving component confirming each function message with a status code that indicates the success or failure of the function message {Ogilvie, col. 5, lines 31-52}.

In claim 18, although Ogilvie is silent with regards to "the sending component repeating the function message if the receiving component has not sent back a status code within a certain period of time", it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have such features in the system of Ogilvie to check whether the receiving component is still properly functioning or not, and whether packages have been picked up or not.

#### Office Contact Information

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to William Bangachon whose telephone number is (571)-272-3065. The Examiner can normally be reached on 4/4/10.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Michael Horabik can be reached on (571)-272-3068. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300 for regular and After Final formal communications. The Examiner's fax number is (571)-273-3065 for informal communications.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

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published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-4700.

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

William L Bangachon

Examiner Art Unit 2635

February 24, 2006

MICHAEL HORABIK SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600

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